

PIE 850

4-20mA/10-50mA

Process Calibrator

Loop Diagnostics • Transmitter Supply
mA • V • pH • TC • Ohms • RTD • Freq • Pressure

Operating Instructions



Practical Instrument Electronics

82 East Main Street Suite 3.14 • Webster, NY 14580 USA

Tel: 585.872.9350 • Fax: 585.872.2638 • sales@piecal.com • www.piecal.com

Contents

General Operations

Accessories.....	3
Carrying Case, Boot & Changing Batteries	4
Storing EZ-CHECK Outputs & Connections.....	5

Basic Operation

Switches & Knobs.....	6, 7
MAIN Menu - Functions, Units & Ranges	7, 8, 9
FEATURE Menu - Stepping & Ramping / Auto Off	10
FEATURE Menu - Stepping & Ramping / Backlight	11

Functions and Hookup Diagrams

4-20 mA or 10-50 mA Operation.....	12, 13
------------------------------------	--------

Milliamp

Simulate 2 Wire Transmitters.....	14, 15
Source mA, Read mA	16, 17
Power/Measure Transmitters	18
Using Ground Leak Detection.....	19, 20

Voltage & Millivolt

Source V & mV; Read V & mV	21, 22
----------------------------------	--------

pH

Source pH.....	23, 24
----------------	--------

Thermocouple

Source T/C & Read T/C Sensors.....	25, 26
------------------------------------	--------

Resistance

Source Resistance, Read Resistance & Continuity	27, 28
---	--------

RTD

Source RTD & Read RTD Sensors.....	29, 30
------------------------------------	--------

Frequency

Source KHz, Hz & CPM; Read KHz, Hz & CPM	31, 32
--	--------

Pressure

Read Pressure	33
Pressure Accessories.....	34
Pressure Module Ranges & Specifications.....	35

Specifications

General	36-40
Thermocouple Ranges & Accuracies.....	41-43
RTD Ranges & Accuracies	44

Warranty

Warranty & Additional Information	45
---	----

Get more tools in a smaller calibrator

Carry eight single function calibrators

plus a 4-20/10-50 milliamp calibrator with loop supply

plus a loop troubleshooter in the palm of your hand!

*Milliamp • Voltage • Frequency • pH • Ohms
Thermocouples • RTDs • Pressure
Loop Diagnostics • Transmitter Supply*

1 Detect 'hidden' loop problems

Quickly diagnose troublesome ground faults & current leakage with patented Loop Diagnostic technology. These problems are undetectable with other instruments!

2 Check all loop parameters at once with LoopScope™

Simultaneously displays current, voltage and resistance to let you know the condition of a live loop. Finds problems with power supplies & loops with too many loads. Patented by PIE!

3 Troubleshoot wiring problems without a multimeter

Built in continuity checker with 'beeper' quickly finds broken wires or shorts in instrumentation wiring. Also handy for checking operation of relays and controller outputs.

General Information

The PIE Model 850 is more than a multifunction calibrator. It is also a loop detective that is able to diagnose common problems that other test equipment just can't find. Have a flooded junction box or unknown ground faults? Our Loop Diagnostic technology will detect it. Or use the *LoopScope* to see at a glance all the parameters - milliamps, voltage and resistance - in the loop. Diagnostic features are covered by US Patent #7,248,058.

Become a troubleshooting technician with Patented Diagnostic Technology - *Available only with PIE Calibrators!*

Accessories

INCLUDED:

Four "AA" Lithium batteries, Certificate of Calibration

Evolution Hands Free Carrying Case Part No. 020-0211

*(Evolution Hands Free Carrying Case with
Pressure Module Pocket, Part No. 020-0233,
will replace the 020-0211 when the Model 850
is ordered with at least one pressure module)*

Blue Rubber Boot Part No. 020-0213

Test Leads - one pair with Part No. 020-0207
banana plug & alligator clips

Evolution RTD Wire Kit Part No. 020-0208
2 Red & 2 Black Leads with
Banana Plugs & Spade Lugs

OPTIONAL:

T/C Wire Kit 1* for Types J, K, T & E Part No. 020-0202

T/C Wire Kit 2* for Types B, R/S & N Part No. 020-0203

*Three feet (1 meter) of T/C extension wire, stripped on one
end with a miniature T/C male connector on the other end.

Operating Instructions

FIELD & BENCH USE

PIE 850 comes with a carrying case designed for hands-free operation and a rubber boot with a built-in tilt stand. The PIE 850 is held in the case by elastic straps for use with the carrying case open. The tilt stand is easily raised by pulling the stand until it locks into place.



CHANGING BATTERIES

Low battery is indicated by a battery symbol on the display. Approximately one to four hours of typical operation remain before the PIE 850 will automatically turn off. To change the batteries remove the rubber boot and remove the battery door from the back of the unit by sliding the door downward. This allows access to the battery compartment. Replace with four (4) "AA" 1.5V batteries being careful to check the polarity. Replace the battery door and replace the boot. All stored configuration options (T/C Type, EZ-CHECK Memories, etc.) are reset to factory settings when the batteries are removed.

Note: Lithium batteries are supplied and recommended for typical battery life and performance.

Operating Instructions

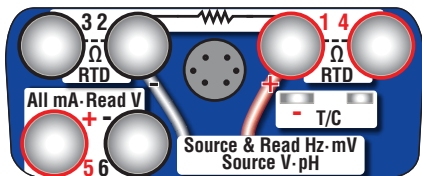
STORING HI and LO EZ-CHECK Source Outputs

Speed up your calibration by storing Span & Zero output setting for instant recall with the EZ-CHECK switch.

- 1) Store your high (SPAN) output temperature by moving the EZ-CHECK switch to the **HI** position and turning the EZ-Dial knob until the desired output value is on the display. Press and hold the EZ-Dial knob until **STORED** appears to store the value. Release the EZ-Dial knob.
- 2) Store your low (ZERO) output value by moving the EZ-CHECK switch to the **LO** position and turning the EZ-Dial knob until the desired output value is on the display. Press and hold the EZ-Dial knob until **STORED** appears to store the value. Release the EZ-Dial knob.
- 3) Instantly output your SPAN and ZERO output settings by moving the EZ-CHECK switch between HI and LO. You may also select any third output setting (such as mid-range) using the SET position on the EZ-CHECK switch.

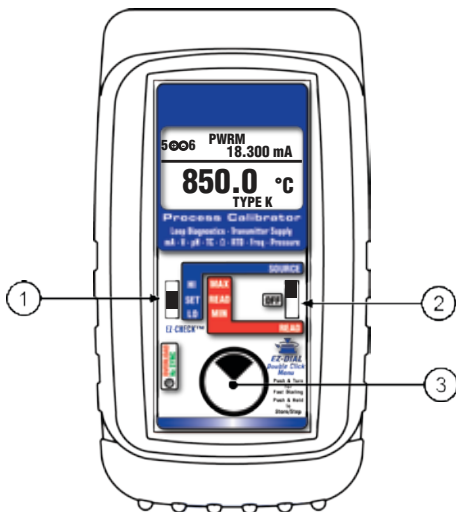
Connections

PIE 850 has banana jacks compatible with unshielded or retractable banana plugs. Included with your calibrator are a pair of test leads with alligator clips for mA, V, pH & Hz connections. Four test leads with spade lugs are also included for 2, 3 and 4 Wire RTD connections. Thermocouple connections are made through a miniature thermocouple socket.



Operating Instructions

Basic Operation



① EZ-CHECK™ SWITCH

SOURCE: Instantly output two preset settings by moving the EZ-CHECK™ switch to the “LO” position or “HI” position. For fast three point checks select the “SET” position. The PIE 850 will remember the last “SET” value, even with the power off.

These values can easily be changed to suit the calibration requirements. The values stored in the HI and LO positions are also used for Auto Stepping.

READ: Slide the switch to the SET position. The PIE 850 will display the current reading from the sensor or device being measured. Slide the switch to MAX and the highest value measured since turn-on or reset will be displayed; slide the switch to MIN and the lowest value measured since turn-on or reset will be displayed.

Operating Instructions

Basic Operation

② SOURCE/OFF/READ Switch

Select "**SOURCE**" to output mA, V, pH, T/C, Ω , RTD or frequency.
Select "**READ**" to read mA, V, T/C, Ω , RTD, pressure or frequency.
Select "**OFF**" to turn off the 850.

③ EZ-DIAL™ KNOB

SOURCE: Turn the knob to adjust the output level. Turn clockwise to increase the output, counter clockwise to decrease the output in one least significant digit step at a time. Push down and turn the EZ-DIAL knob for faster dialing.

Press and hold the knob for two seconds to store desired EZ-Check™ HI/LO points in SOURCE mode. Continue to press and hold the knob for two more seconds to start the automatic ramping.

READ: Press and hold to transfer the current temperature into the EZ-Check™ MIN/MAX points. This clears the MIN/MAX readings which will update as the input value changes.

SELECTING FUNCTIONS

The EZ-DIAL knob is used to setup the PIE 850 to match the instrument to be calibrated or signal to be measured. Each time you turn on the PIE 850 the LCD displays the screen below for about 1 second followed by operating in the function used the last time it was operated.

**PIE 850
DOUBLE CLICK
EZ-DIAL KNOB
FOR CONFIGURATION**

Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to change the function of the calibrator and to select ranges, units and other user settings. Each function (mA, V, T/C, Ohms, RTD, Frequency) has up to three pages of menus. The first menu page has settings for the function and the last menu page has settings for STEPPING, AUTO OFF and BACKLIGHT. Settings are remembered even with the power off but are reset when the batteries are changed.

Operating Instructions

Double Click Menus - MAIN Page

Double click the EZ-DIAL knob to access the Double Click Menus. Shown are the **MAIN** menus for each function. Turn the knob to scroll thru the menus and press the knob to select. Default settings are represented in black and other choices in grey.

Source mA & Simulate 2 Wire Transmitters

MAIN

> EXIT
FUNCTION mA
MODE SOURCE 2W SIM
UNITS mA %
HART 250Ω* ON OFF

Read mA, Power/Measure Transmitters & Leak Detect

> EXIT
FUNCTION mA
MODE READ PWR MEAS
UNITS mA %
HART 250Ω* ON OFF

Source V & mV

>EXIT
FUNCTION V
RANGE 10V 100mV 1V

Read V & mV

>EXIT
FUNCTION V
RANGE 10V 1V 60V 100mV

Source pH

> EXIT
FUNCTION pH

Source & Read Frequency

> EXIT
FUNCTION FREQ
RANGE 20KHZ 10000HZ 1000HZ 2000CPM

* Hart 250Ω only appears
in 4-20 mA operation

Operating Instructions

Double Click Menus - MAIN Page

Source & Read Thermocouples

> EXIT
FUNCTION T/C
UNITS °C °F
T/C TYPE J K E T R S B N L U G C D P
COLD JUNC ON OFF

Source RTD

> EXIT
FUNCTION RTD
UNITS °C °F
RTD Pt 100 $\alpha=3850$ [*RTD Types - See Read RTD]
WIRE MODE 234W

Read RTD

> EXIT
FUNCTION RTD
UNITS °C °F
RTD Pt 100 $\alpha=3850$, $\alpha=3902$, $\alpha=3916$, $\alpha=3926$
Pt 1000 $\alpha=3850$; Cu 10 $\alpha=4274$, Cu 50 $\alpha=4280$
Ni 120 $\alpha=6720$, Ni 110 $\alpha=5801$
WIRE MODE 2W 3W 4W

Source Ohms

>EXIT
FUNCTION OHMS
RANGE 400 Ω 4000 Ω
WIRE MODE 234W

Read Ohms

>EXIT
FUNCTION OHMS
RANGE 400 Ω 4000 Ω CONT
WIRE MODE 2W 3W 4W

Read Pressure

>EXIT
FUNCTION PRESSURE
UNITS psi inH₂O* ftH₂O* mmH₂O* cmH₂O* mH₂O* inHg mHg
cmHg mmHg torr kg/cm² kg/m² hPa kPa MPa bar mbar atm oz/in²
lb/ft² *Engineering unit available at 4°C, 20°C and 60°F.

Operating Instructions

Double Click Menu - FEATURES

To change the Automatic Stepping settings

Double click the ③ DIAL KNOB at any time the unit is on and the following typical display (will be different for each FUNCTION) will appear for 15 seconds:

MAIN	
> EXIT (1/3)	
FUNCTION	mA
MODE	SOURCE
UNITS	mA
HART 250Ω*	ON

Turn the ③ DIAL KNOB to move to the second or third menu page so the word **FEATURES** appears at the top of the menu.

FEATURES	
> EXIT (3/3)	
AUTO OFF	ON
BACKLIGHT	ON
STEPS/RAMP	3
STEP/RAMP TIME	5

Turn the ③ DIAL KNOB to move through the menu. Press the ③ DIAL KNOB to toggle between OFF and ON or to change the STEPS/RAMP and the STEP/RAMP TIME settings. These settings are remembered even with the power off.

EXIT MENU - exits this menu immediately and saves any changes. Menu will automatically exit after 15 seconds of inactivity.

AUTO OFF - If AUTO OFF is ON, the unit will turn off after 30 minutes of inactivity to save battery life. If AUTO OFF is OFF the unit will stay on until the POWER SWITCH is moved to the off position.

* Hart 250Ω only appears in 4-20 mA operation

Operating Instructions

Double Click Menu - FEATURES

STEPS/RAMP - pressing the knob will cycle through 2, 3, 5, 11 and RAMP. The endpoints of the steps or ramp are based on the values stored in the **HI** and **LO** EZ-CHECK outputs.

2 steps will automatically switch between the values stored in the HI & LO EZ-CHECK (0 & 100%).

3 steps between the HI, Midpoint and LO EZ-CHECK (0, 50 & 100%).

5 steps between the HI and LO EZ-CHECK in 25% increments (0, 25, 50, 75 & 100%).

11 steps between the HI and LO EZ-CHECK in 10% increments (0, 10, 20...80, 90 & 100%).

RAMP continuously ramps up and down between the HI and LO EZ-CHECK outputs.

STEP/RAMP TIME - pressing the knob will cycle through 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30 and 60 seconds.

To start the Automatic Stepping

Start automatic stepping or ramping by placing the EZ-CHECK Switch into the HI or LO position then press and hold the ③ DIAL KNOB for 6 seconds (the word STORE will appear on the display after 3 seconds and continue to press the EZ-DIAL KNOB) until the word STEPPING appears on the display. The word STEPPING will appear on the display anytime the selected automatic function is running. Stop the stepping by again pressing and holding the ③ DIAL KNOB for 3 seconds.

BACKLIGHT - If BACKLIGHT is ON the backlight will light all the time the unit is powered up. For maximum battery life turn the backlight off when using the calibrator in areas with enough ambient light to read the display.

Operating Instructions

Choose 4-20 mA or 10-50 mA operation.

Works with SOURCE mA, Read mA and Simulate 2-Wire Transmitters.

Move the power switch ② to SOURCE or READ and Double click the ③ DIAL KNOB and the MAIN menu for the function in use will appear for 15 seconds:

MAIN		
>	EXIT (1/3)	
	FUNCTION	mA
	MODE	SOURCE
	UNITS	mA
	HART 250Ω*	ON

Turn the ③ DIAL KNOB to move the indicator to **FUNCTION** and press the DIAL KNOB until **mA** appears. Turn the ③ DIAL KNOB to move to the second menu page so the word **mA RANGE** appears at the top of the menu.

2-WIRE
SIMULATE
MENU

mA RANGE		
>	EXIT (2/3)	
	mA RANGE	4-20mA 10-50mA
	LOOPSCOPE	OFF ON

POWER
MEASURE
MENU

mA RANGE		
>	EXIT (2/3)	
	mA RANGE	4-20mA 10-50mA
	LEAK DETECT	OFF ON

Turn the ③ DIAL KNOB to move through the menu. Press the ③ DIAL KNOB to toggle between **4-20mA** and **10-50mA** or to turn on **LOOPSCOPE** (2-Wire Transmitter only) or **LEAK DETECT** (POWER MEASURE only).

* Hart 250Ω only appears
in 4-20 mA operation

Operating Instructions

10-50 mA Operation - The 10-50 mA control signal predated the now common 4-20 mA signal. Many loops with 10-50 signal have power supplies that run higher than 24 V DC.

SOURCE supplies from 0.000 to 52.000 mA with up to 40 V DC compliance which has enough power to stroke valves.

2-Wire Transmitter Simulation limits the loop current passing through it in the same manner as a 2-Wire transmitter with loop power supplies up to 60 V DC.

READ measures from 0.000 to 52.000 mA from mA outputs of controllers or to monitor the signal in a loop.

PWRM is POWER MEASURE which uses the internal loop supply of the 850 to power up the transmitter while indicating the current passing through the loop proportional to the input of transmitter which is controlled by the output of the 850.

When simulating a 10-50 mA 2-Wire Transmitter in loops with high voltage this section of the calibrator may get warm.

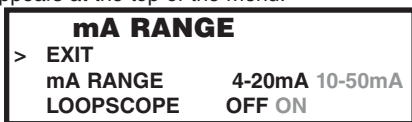


2 Wire SIM mA, 2 Wire SIM % (Percent of 4-20 or 10-50 mA)

Choose this function to simulate a 2 Wire Transmitter output from 0.000 to 24.000/0.000 to 52.000 milliamps. Operates in loops with power supply voltages from 2 to 60 VDC.

Move the power switch ② to SOURCE then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select mA for the FUNCTION and 2W SIM for the MODE. Choose either mA or % and whether you need the 250Ω HART resistor active in the loop (250Ω resistor is only available in 4-20mA operation).

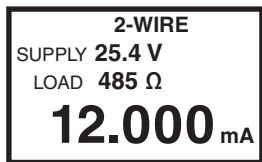
If you would also like to see the condition of the loop turn the ③ DIAL KNOB to move to the second menu page so the word **mA RANGE** appears at the top of the menu.



LOOPSCOPE turns on the Loop Diagnostic display which simultaneously indicates the current, voltage and resistance of the loop. When enabled the **LOOPSCOPE** also indicates errors by flashing the LED and writing diagnostic messages on the display. Messages include **LOW LOOP VOLT**, **HIGH LOOP VOLT** and **HIGH LOOP IMPED**. With **LOOPSCOPE** on the 850 occasionally performs a test which affects the loop mA signal.



850 Simulating a Transmitter

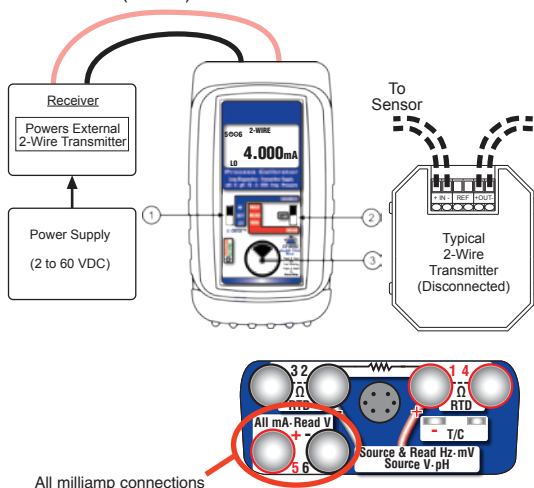


850 with LOOPSCOPE

2 Wire SIM mA, 2 Wire SIM % (Percent of 4-20 or 10-50 mA)

Connect the output leads of the PIE 850 to the inputs of the device being calibrated, making sure to check polarity. Red lead to the plus (+) input and black lead to the minus (-) input.

Instantly output your SPAN and ZERO output settings by moving the EZ-CHECK switch between HI and LO (defaults to 20 & 4 or 50 & 10 mA). You may also select any third output setting (such as mid-range) using the SET position on the EZ-CHECK switch. The output is adjusted in 0.001 mA (0.01%) increments by turning the knob ③. Press and turn the knob for faster dialing with 0.100 mA (1.00%) increments.



Note: With LOOPSCOPE on the 850 occasionally performs a test on the loop. During this short test the loop mA signal will be affected.

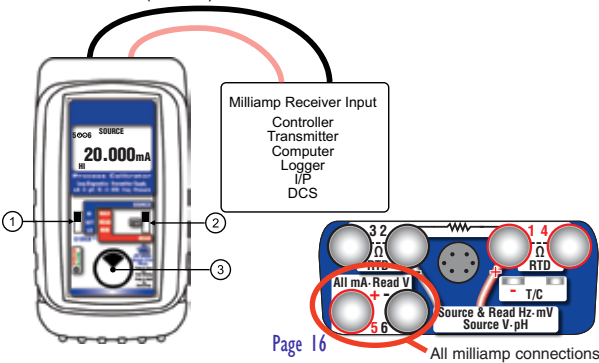
mA SOURCE/ % SOURCE (Percent of 4-20 or 10-50 mA)

Choose this function to provide an output from 0.000 to 24.000/0.000 to 52.000 milliamps. The compliance voltage is a nominal 24 V DC below 29 mA and 40V DC above 30 mA to provide the driving power to your milliamp receivers.

Move the power switch ② to SOURCE then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select mA for the FUNCTION and SOURCE for the MODE. Choose either mA or % and whether you need the 250Ω HART resistor active in the loop (250Ω resistor is only available in 4-20mA operation).

Connect the output leads of the PIE 850 to the inputs of the device being calibrated, making sure to check polarity. Red lead to the plus (+) input and black lead to the minus (-) input.

Instantly output your SPAN and ZERO output settings by moving the EZ-CHECK switch between HI and LO (defaults to 20 & 4 mA or 50 & 10 mA). You may also select any third output setting (such as mid-range) using the SET position on the EZ-CHECK switch. The output is adjusted in 0.001 mA (0.01%) increments by turning the knob ③. Press and turn the knob for faster dialing with 0.100 mA (1.00%) increments.



READ mA, READ % (Percent of 4-20 or 10-50 mA)

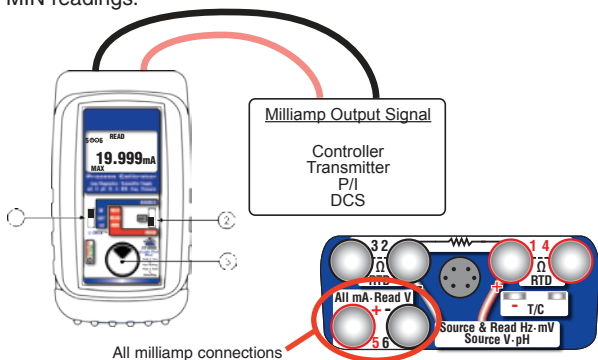
Choose this function to measure from 0.000 to 24.000/0.000 to 52.000 milliamps or -25.00 to 125.00%.

Move the power switch ② to READ then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob ③ to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select mA for the FUNCTION and READ for the MODE. Choose either mA or % and whether you need the 250 Ω HART resistor active in the loop (250 Ω resistor is only available in 4-20mA operation).

Connect the red input lead (+) of the PIE 850 to the more positive point of the break and the black input lead (-) to the more negative point.

Signals below 0 mA or open circuits are indicated by 0.000 mA (-25.00%) on the display. Signals above 24 or 52 mA are current limited by protection circuitry with the red OVERLOAD LED lit.

The PIE 850 measures the input signal and constantly updates the display with the current reading. Move the EZ-CHECK switch ① to MAX to see the highest reading and to MIN to see the lowest reading. Press and hold the knob ③ to clear the MAX and MIN readings.



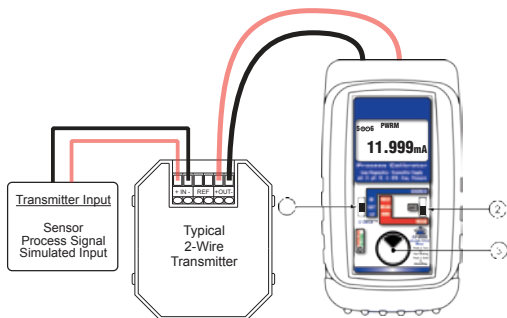
Power/Measure mA, Power/Measure % (% of 4-20/10-50 mA)

Choose this function to simultaneously supply power to a 2 Wire Transmitter while displaying the 4.000 to 20.000/10.000 to 50.000 mA output of the transmitter.

Move the power switch ② to READ then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob ③ to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select mA for the FUNCTION and PWR MEAS for the MODE. Choose either mA or % and whether you need the 250 Ω HART resistor active in the loop (250 Ω resistor is only available in 4-20mA operation).

Disconnect one or both input wires from the device to be calibrated. Connect the red source lead of the PIE 850 to the plus (+) input of the device and the black source lead to the minus (-).

The PIE 850 supplies a nominal 24 volts DC at 24 mA or 40 volts DC at 52 mA to the 2 Wire Transmitter. The current passed by the transmitter will be accurately displayed by the PIE 850. Calibrate the transmitter in the usual manner and disconnect the PIE 850. Signals above 24 or 52 mA are current limited by protection circuitry with the red OVERLOAD LED lit.

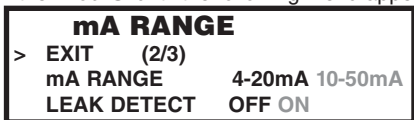


Using Ground Leak Detection

mA OUT, % OUT (Percent of 4-20 or 10-50 mA)

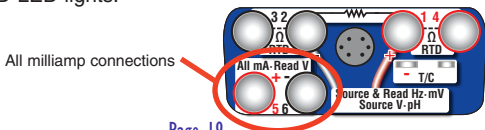
Find current leaks in loops caused by ground faults, moisture or corrosion. The 850 simultaneously supplies power to a 2 Wire Transmitter (or loop with a transmitter) while displaying the 4 to 20 or 10-50 mA output and the amount of current leaking in the loop.

- 1) Move the power switch ② to READ then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob ③ to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select mA for the FUNCTION and PWR MEAS for the MODE. Choose either mA or %.
- 2) Turn the knob ③ until the following menu appears.

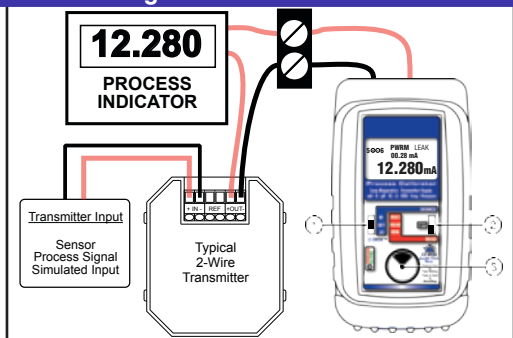


- 3) Turn the knob ③ to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Turn on the LEAK DETECT.
- 4) Connect the red source lead from the mA (+) jack of the 850 to the plus (+) input of the device and the black source lead from the mA (-) to the minus (-).

The PIE 850 supplies a nominal 24 volts DC in 4-20 mA range or 40 volts DC in 10-50 mA range to the 2 Wire Transmitter or loop. The current passed by the transmitter will be accurately displayed by the 850 along with an indication of leakage current at the top of the display. If there is an uncontrolled loop, a transmitter with upscale burnout and bad or missing sensor or a short the red OVERLOAD LED lights.



Using Ground Leak Detection



Typical Error Conditions

PWRM LEAK
00.28 mA

12.280 mA

The PIE 850 is supplying the loop voltage. A calibrated transmitter is limiting the loop current to 12.00 mA. An additional 0.28 mA is not controlled by the transmitter and is leaking somewhere in the loop.

PWRM LEAK
mA

24.999 mA

The PIE 850 is supplying the loop voltage. There is a control loop error. This may be a transmitter (set for upscale burnout) with a bad or missing sensor, or a short in the loop. For these errors the numbers blank and the red OVERLOAD LED lights.

Note: Many installed transmitters will normally indicate 0.01 to 0.02 mA leakage without significant control problem. Unstable readings may indicate loose connections or the presence of moisture.

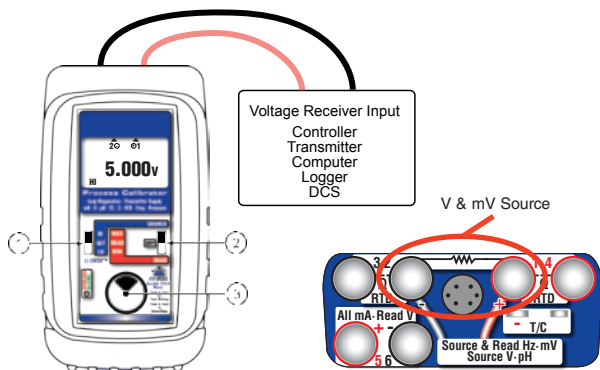
mV/V SOURCE

Choose this function to provide an output from -20.000 to 99.999 mV, -500.00 TO 999.99 mV or from 0.000 to 10.250 V. The source current is a nominal 20 mA to provide the driving power to your voltage receivers.

Move the power switch ② to SOURCE then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select V for the FUNCTION and 1 V, 10V or 100 mV for the RANGE.

Connect the output leads of the PIE 850 to the inputs of the device being calibrated, making sure to check polarity. Red lead to the plus (+) input and black lead to the minus (-) input.

Instantly output your SPAN and ZERO output settings by moving the EZ-CHECK switch between HI and LO. You may also select any third output setting (such as mid-range) using the SET position on the EZ-CHECK switch. The output is adjusted in 0.001 mV, 0.01 mV or 0.001 V increments by turning the knob ③. Press and turn the knob for faster dialing with 0.100 mV, 1.00 mV or 0.100 V increments.



Read mV/V

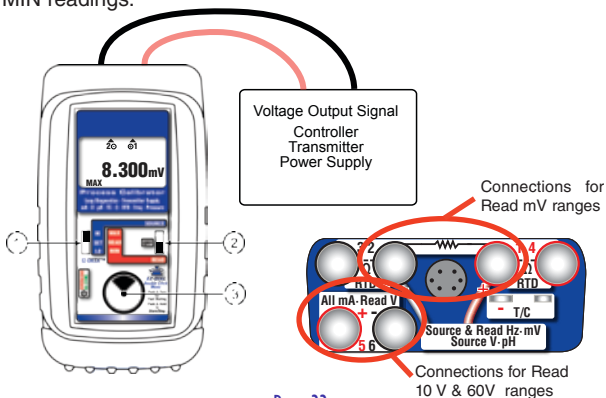
Choose this function to measure from -99.999 to 99.999 millivolts, -999.99 to +999.99 mV, 0.000 to 10.250 V dc or 0.00 to 60.00 V dc.

Move the power switch ② to READ then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select V for the FUNCTION and 1V, 10V, 60V or 100 mV for the RANGE.

Connect the red input lead (+) of the PIE 850 to the more positive point of the break and the black input to the more negative point.

Signals above the maximum scale are limited by protection circuitry with "OVER RANGE" flashed on the display and the red OVERLOAD LED lit.

The PIE 850 measures the input signal and constantly updates the display with the current reading. Move the EZ-CHECK switch ① to MAX to see the highest reading and to MIN to see the lowest reading. Press and hold the knob ③ to clear the MAX and MIN readings.



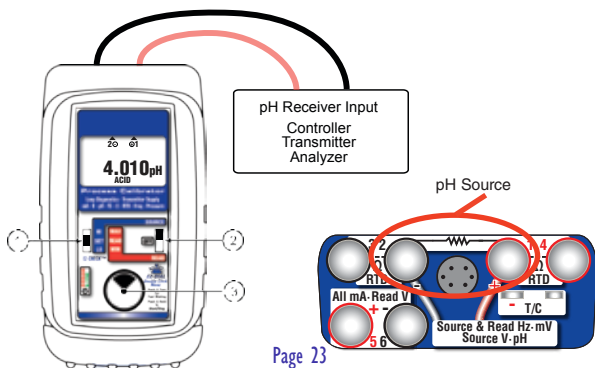
pH SOURCE

Choose this function to provide an output from 0.000 to 14.000 pH @ 25°C (77°F) which corresponds to 414.12 to -414.12 mV. The source current is a nominal 20 mA to provide the driving power to your pH receivers.

Move the power switch ② to SOURCE then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select pH for the FUNCTION.

Connect the output leads of the PIE 850 to the inputs of the device being calibrated, making sure to check polarity. Red lead from the mV (+) jack of the 850 to the plus (+) input and black lead from the mV (-) jack to the minus (-) input.

Instantly output your SPAN and ZERO output settings by moving the EZ-CHECK switch between HI and LO. You may also select any third output setting (such as mid-range) using the DIAL position on the EZ-CHECK switch. The output is adjusted in 0.001 pH increments by turning the knob ③. Press and turn the knob for faster dialing with 0.100 pH increments.



Simulate pH probes into transmitters & analyzers

Use the pH simulator to verify proper operation of pH devices before you place a probe into a calibrated buffer. Adjusting the pH transmitter or analyzer without a probe allows you to make sure the device is calibrated and operating correctly. The 850 simulates 0.000 to 14.000 pH @ 25°C corresponding to 414.12 to -414.12 mV.

Once the pH instrument has been adjusted against the PIE 850 reconnect the pH probe and check it against the proper buffer (typically 7 pH). If the instrument zero point requires more than the manufacturer's recommendations (typically within 0.5 pH) it is time to clean or replace the probe.



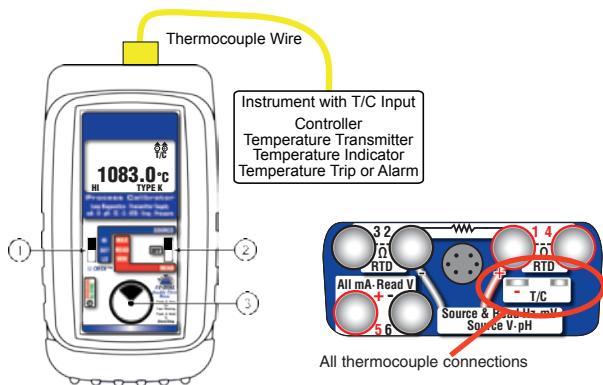
Thermocouple Source

Choose this function to provide a simulated thermocouple signal into controllers, temperature transmitters, indicators or any input devices that measure thermocouple sensors.

Move the power switch ② to SOURCE then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select T/C for the FUNCTION, °F or °C for the UNITS, T/C Type (J, K, E, T, R, S, B, N, L (J-DIN), U (T-DIN), G, C, D or P (Platinel II)) and internal COLD JUNC ON or OFF (ON is the default).

Connect the PIE 850 to the inputs of the device being calibrated using the proper type of thermocouple wire via the miniature thermocouple socket.

Instantly output your SPAN and ZERO output settings by moving the EZ-CHECK switch between HI and LO. You may also select any third output setting (such as mid-range) using the SET position on the EZ-CHECK switch. The output is adjusted in 0.1° increments by turning the knob ③. Press and turn the knob for faster dialing with 10.0° increments.



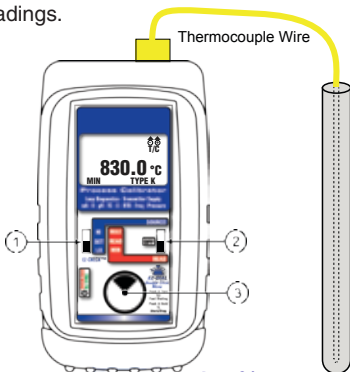
Read Thermocouple Sensors

Choose this function to measure temperatures with a thermocouple probe, sensor or any device that output a thermocouple signal.

Move the power switch ② to READ then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Double Click Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select T/C for the FUNCTION, °F or °C for the UNITS, T/C Type (J, K, E, T, R, S, B, N, L (J-DIN), U (T-DIN), G, C, D or P (Platinel II)) and COLD JUNC ON or OFF (ON is the default).

Connect the PIE 850 to the inputs of the device being calibrated using the proper type of thermocouple wire via the miniature thermocouple socket. If no sensor is connected, a wire is broken or the sensor is burned out, OPEN TC will appear on the display. Signals above the maximum scale are limited by protection circuitry with "OVER RANGE" on the display and the OVERLOAD LED blinks red.

The PIE 850 measures the input signal and constantly updates the display with the current reading. Move the EZ-CHECK switch ① to MAX to see the highest reading and to MIN to see the lowest reading. Press and hold the knob ③ to clear the MAX and MIN readings.



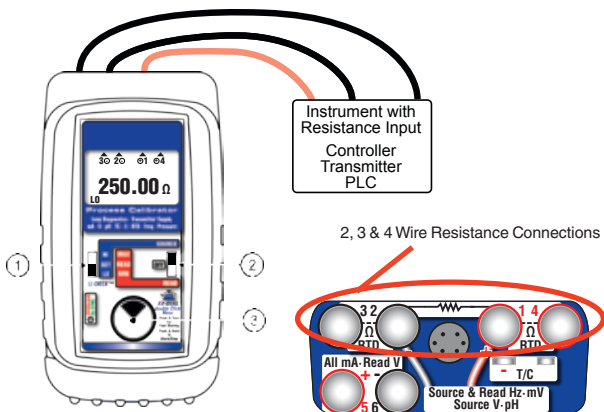
Resistance Source

Choose this function to provide a simulated resistance into any device that measures resistance.

Move the power switch ② to SOURCE then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select OHMS for the FUNCTION, 400 Ω or 4000 Ω for the RANGE.

Disconnect all sensor wires from the devices to be calibrated and connect the PIE 850 to the inputs of the device using 2, 3 or 4 wires.

Instantly output your SPAN and ZERO output settings by moving the EZ-CHECK switch between HI and LO. You may also select any third output setting (such as mid-range) using the SET position on the EZ-CHECK switch. The output is adjusted in 0.01 Ω /0.1 Ω increments by turning the knob ③. Press and turn the knob for faster dialing with 1.00 Ω /10.0 Ω increments.



Read Resistance & Check Continuity

Choose this function to measure resistance or check continuity.

Move the power switch ② to READ then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Double Click Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select OHMS for the FUNCTION, 400 Ω , 4000 Ω or Continuity for the RANGE. You must also select the WIRE MODE for 2W, 3W or 4W to match the 2, 3 or 4 wires being used to measure resistance. For continuity the only choice is 2W.

If continuity is selected, resistance is measured up to 400.0 Ω . The beeper will sound and))) appears on the display when resistance below 100.0 Ω is measured.

Signals above the maximum scale are limited by protection circuitry with "OVER RANGE" flashed on the display and the OVERLOAD LED blinks red.

The PIE 850 measures the input signal and constantly updates the display with the current reading. Move the EZ-CHECK switch ① to MAX to see the highest reading and to MIN to see the lowest reading. Press and hold the knob ③ to clear the MAX and MIN readings.



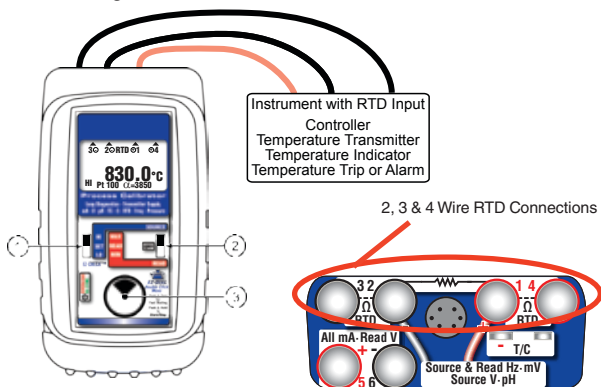
RTD Source

Choose this function to provide a simulated RTD signal into controllers, temperature transmitters, indicators or any input devices that measure RTD sensors.

Move the power switch ② to SOURCE then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select RTD for the FUNCTION, °F or °C for the UNITS and RTD (Choose from one of Platinum 100 Ω , or 1000 Ω , Copper 10 Ω or 50 Ω , Nickel 120 Ω or 110 Ω curves). *Note: Pt 100 Ω 3850 is the most common RTD type.*

Disconnect all sensor wires from the devices to be calibrated and connect the PIE 850 to the inputs of the device using 2, 3 or 4 wires.

Instantly output your SPAN and ZERO output settings by moving the EZ-CHECK switch between HI and LO. You may also select any third output setting (such as mid-range) using the SET position on the EZ-CHECK switch. The output is adjusted in 0.1° increments by turning the knob ③. Press and turn the knob for faster dialing with 10.0° increments.



Read RTD Sensors

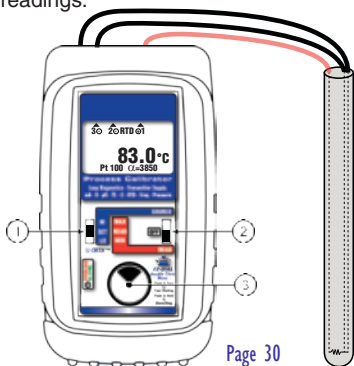
Choose this function to measure temperatures with an RTD probe, sensor or any device that output an RTD signal.

Move the power switch ② to READ then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Double Click Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select RTD for the FUNCTION, °F or °C for the UNITS and RTD (Choose from one of Platinum 100Ω, or 1000Ω, Copper 10Ω or 50Ω, Nickel 120Ω or 110Ω curves). *Note: Pt 100Ω 3850 is the most common RTD type.* You must also select the WIRE MODE for 2W, 3W or 4W to match the 2, 3 or 4 wires on the RTD sensor.

Disconnect all wires from the sensor and connect the PIE 820-ELITE to the inputs of the device using 2, 3 or 4 wires.

Signals above the maximum scale are limited by protection circuitry with "OVER RANGE" flashed on the display and the red OVERLOAD LED lit.

The PIE 850 measures the input signal and constantly updates the display with the current reading. Move the EZ-CHECK switch ① to MAX to see the highest reading and to MIN to see the lowest reading. Press and hold the knob ③ to clear the MAX and MIN readings.



Frequency Source

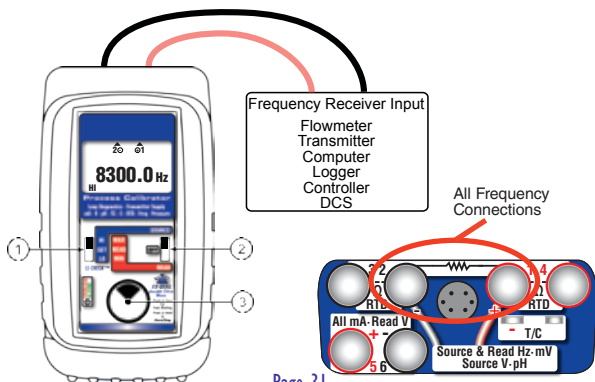
Choose this function to provide a frequency signal into any input devices that measure frequency.

Move the power switch ② to SOURCE then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select FREQ for the FUNCTION and 20KHZ, 10000HZ, 1000HZ or 2000CPM for the RANGE.

Disconnect all input wires from the devices to be calibrated and connect the PIE 850 to the input of the device matching polarity.

The green HZ SYNC LED pulses in synch with the output pulses and may be used to calibrate optical pickups. The output signal is a zero crossing square wave with a fixed amplitude of 6 V peak-to-peak from -1 and + 5 V.

Instantly output your SPAN and ZERO output settings by moving the EZ-CHECK switch between HI and LO. You may also select any third output setting (such as mid-range) using the SET position on the EZ-CHECK switch. The output is adjusted in 1 count increments by turning the knob ③. Press and turn the knob for faster dialing with 100 count increments.



Read Frequency

Choose this function to count frequency.

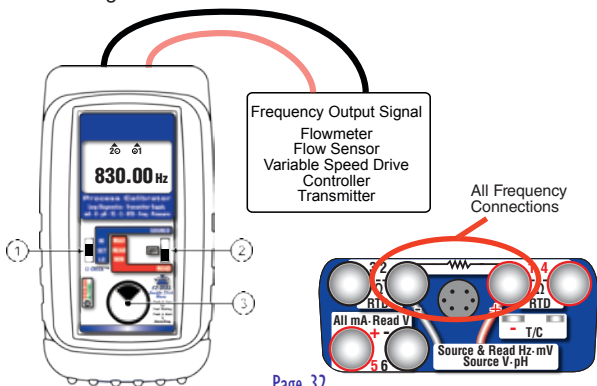
Move the power switch ② to READ then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select FREQ for the FUNCTION and 20KHZ, 10000HZ, 1000HZ or 2000CPM for the RANGE.

Disconnect all input wires from the devices to be calibrated and connect the PIE 850 to the output of the device matching polarity.

The green HZ SYNC LED pulses in synch with the input frequency.

Signals above the maximum scale are limited by protection circuitry with "OVER RANGE" flashed on the display and the red OVERLOAD LED lit.

The PIE 850 measures the input signal and constantly updates the display with the current reading. Move the EZ-CHECK switch ① to MAX to see the highest reading and to MIN to see the lowest reading. Press and hold the knob ③ to clear the MAX and MIN readings.



Read Pressure

Choose this function to measure pressure in one of 32 different engineering units using a PIE Pressure Module.

1) Move the power switch ② to READ then Double Click the EZ-DIAL knob to get into the Menu. Turn the knob to scroll through the settings and press the knob to make your selection. Select PRESSURE for the FUNCTION and make your choice of UNITS to match the pressure instrument to be checked.

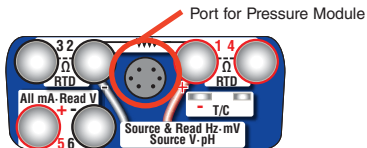
2) Remove the covers from the ends of the connector on the pressure module cable and the pressure connector of the 850. Align the white arrows and plug the cable into the 850.

3) Connect pressure hoses, fittings & pumps (if required) to the pressure instrument to be checked.

4) Press and hold the ③ E-Z DIAL KNOB for 2 seconds (after MAX/MIN RESET appears) to 'Zero' or 'Tare' the pressure. The display will briefly display 'TARE ON' then a '0' appears on the display indicating that all measurements are relative to the pressure measured when the calibrator was zeroed. Press and hold the ③ E-Z DIAL KNOB for 2 seconds (after MAX/MIN RESET appears) when you want to turn the 'Tare' off.

The PIE 850 measures the pressure and constantly updates the display with the current reading. Move the EZ-CHECK switch ① to MAX to see the highest reading and to MIN to see the lowest reading. Press and hold the knob ③ for 1 second to clear the MAX and MIN readings.

To disconnect the pressure module gently pull up on the grooved area just above the white arrow.



Read Pressure



PIE 850 with Pressure Module,
Pressure/Vacuum Pump & Hose



Hands free carrying case with pockets for the PIE 850 and the pressure module. Back of the case has a zippered pocket for the manual, test leads, hoses and pressure fittings.

Optional Pressure Modules

Sensor Code	Application
DNxxxx	Differential, Non-isolated
0 to 0010*, 0028, 0200, 0415, 2000" H2O	
DIxxxx	Differential, Isolated
0 to 0001, 0005, 0015, 0030, 0100, 0300, 0500 PSID	
GIxxxx	Gauge, Isolated
0 to 0015, 0030, 0050, 0100, 0300, 0500, 1000, 3000 PSIG	
CIxxxx	Compound, Isolated
-14.7 to +0015, 0030, 0050, 0100, 0300, 0500, 1000, 3000 PSIG	
AIxxxx	Absolute, Isolated
0 to 0017, 0038, 0100, 1000 PSIA	

Media Compatibility

Non-isolated DN sensors: clean, dry, non-corrosive, non-condensing gases only

Isolated DI sensors: any media compatible with 316L SS & Viton®

Isolated GI, CI & AI sensors: any media compatible with 316L SS

Pressure Module Accuracy

±0.025% of full scale including all effects of linearity, repeatability and hysteresis from -20° to +50°C (-4° to +122°F)

* The DN0010 sensor accuracy is ±0.050% of full scale

32 Engineering Units:

PSI • inches, feet, mm, cm and meter of H2O @ 4°C, 20°C & 60°F
inches, meter, cm and mm of Hg @ 0°C

torr • kg/cm² • kg/m² • Pa • hPa • kPa • MPa • Bar • mBar

ATM • oz/in² • lb/ft²

Specifications

General	
Operating Temp Range	-20 to 60 °C (-5 to 140 °F)
Storage Temp Range	-30 to 60 °C (-22 to 140 °F)
Temperature effect	$\leq \pm 0.01\%$ /°C of Full Scale
Relative Humidity Range	10 % $\leq$ RH $\leq$ 90 % (0 to 35 °C), Non-condensing
	10 % $\leq$ RH $\leq$ 70 % (35 to 60 °C), Non-condensing
Common Mode Rejection	50/60 Hz, 100 dB
Normal Mode Rejection	50/60 Hz, 50 dB
Noise	$\leq \pm \frac{1}{2}$ Least Significant Digit from 0.1 to 10 Hz
Size	5.63x3.00x1.60" 143x76x41mm (LxWxH)
Weight	12.1 ounces, 0.34 kg with boot & batteries
Batteries	Four "AA" Lithium 1.5V (LR6)
Battery life	Read Functions $\geq$ 20 hours; Read Pressure $\geq$ 7 hours Source mA: $\geq$ 14 hours @ 12 mA into 250 Ω $\geq$ 9.5 hours @ 30 mA into 250 Ω Pwr/Meas: $\geq$ 12 hours @ 20 mA, $\geq$ 4.5 hours @ 50 mA Source V, Ω , T/C, pH, RTD & Hz: $\geq$ 20 hours
Low Battery	Low battery indication with nominal 1 hour of operation left
Protection against misconnection	Over-voltage protection to 60 vrms (rated for 30 seconds) Red LED indicates OVERLOAD or out of range conditions
Display	High contrast graphic liquid crystal display, 0.315" (8.0 mm) high digits, backlighting

Specifications

Read mA

Ranges and Resolution	0.000 to 24.000 mA or -25.00 to 125.00% of 4-20 mA, 0.000 to 52.000 mA or -25.00 to 105.00% of 10-50 mA
Accuracy	$\leq \pm (0.02 \% \text{ of Reading} + 0.003 \text{ mA})$
Voltage burden	$\leq 2\text{V}$ at 24 mA or 52 mA.
Overload/Current limit protection	25 mA nominal in 20 mA range 52.5 mA nominal in 50 mA range

Source mA / Power & Measure Two Wire Transmitters

Ranges and Resolution	Same as Read mA
Accuracy	$\leq \pm (0.02 \% \text{ of Reading} + 0.003 \text{ mA})$
Loop compliance voltage	$\geq 24 \text{ DCV @ } 20 \text{ mA}, \geq 40 \text{ DCV @ } 52 \text{ mA}$
Loop drive capability	1200 Ω at 20 mA for 15 hours nominal; 800 Ω at 50 mA for 4.5 hours nominal Subtract 250 Ω with Hart Resistor enabled (4-20 only)

mA 2-Wire Transmitter Simulation

Accuracy	Same as Source/Power & Measure
Voltage burden	$\leq 2\text{V}$ at 20 mA or 52 mA
Overload/Current limit	24 mA nominal in 20 mA range, 53 mA nominal in 50 mA range
Loop voltage limits	2 to 60 VDC (fuse-less protected)

DC Voltage Read

Range and Resolution	$\pm 99.999 \text{ mV}, \pm 999.99 \text{ mV}, 0 \text{ to } 10.250 \text{ V}, 0.00 \text{ to } 60.00 \text{ V DC}$
Accuracy	$\leq \pm (0.02 \% \text{ of Reading} + 0.01\% \text{ Full Scale})$
Input resistance	$\geq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$

Specifications

Source V dc

Ranges and Resolution	-20.000 to 99.999 mV, -500.00 to 999.99 mV, 0.000 to 10.250V
Accuracy	$\leq \pm (0.02 \% \text{ of Reading} + 0.01\% \text{ Full Scale})$
Source Current	$\geq 20 \text{ mA}$
Sink Current	$> 16 \text{ mA}$
Output Impedance	$< 1 \text{ Ohm}$
Short Circuit Duration	Infinite

pH Source

Range and Resolution	0.000 to 14.000 pH
Accuracy in mV	$\leq \pm (0.02 \% \text{ of Reading in mV} + 0.1 \text{ mV})$
Accuracy in pH	$\leq \pm 0.003 \text{ pH @ } 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Thermocouple Source

Accuracy	$\leq \pm (0.02 \% \text{ of Reading} + 0.01 \text{ mV})$
Cold Junction Compensation	$\pm (0.05^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.01\%/^{\circ}\text{C})$
Output Impedance	$< 1 \text{ Ohm}$
Source Current	$> 20 \text{ mA}$ (drives 80 mV into 10 Ohms)

Thermocouple Read

Accuracy & Cold Junction Compensation	Same as Thermocouple Source
Input Impedance	$> 1 \text{ Megohms}$
Open TC Threshold; Pulse	10K Ohms; $< 5 \mu\text{amp}$ pulse for 300 milliseconds (nominal)

Specifications

RTD, OHMS and Continuity Read	
Resistance Ranges	0.00 to 401.00, 0.0 to 4010.0 Ohms
Accuracy	$\pm(0.025\% \text{ of Reading} + 0.075 \text{ Ohms})$
Excitation Current	1.0 mA to 401 Ohms, 0.5 mA to 4010 Ohms (nominal)
Continuity	0.0 to 401.0 Ohms; Beeps from 0.0 to 100.0 Ohms

RTD and OHMS Source	
3 Wire & 4 Wire Accuracy From 1 to 10.2 mA External Excitation Current Below 1 mA of External Excitation Current	$\pm(0.025\% \text{ of Full Scale} + 0.075 \text{ Ohms})$ $\pm(0.025\% \text{ of Full Scale} + 0.075 \text{ Ohms} + \frac{0.025 \text{ mV}}{\text{mA Excitation Current}})$
2 Wire Accuracy	Add 0.1 Ohm to specifications listed above
Resistance Ranges	0.00 to 401.00, 0.0 to 4010.0 Ohms
Allowable Excitation Current Range	400 Ohm Range: 10.2 mA max; steady or pulsed/intermittent 4000 Ohms Range: 1 mA max; steady or pulsed/intermittent
Pulsed Excitation Current Compatibility	DC to 0.01 second pulse width

Specifications

Frequency Source	
Ranges	1 to 2000 CPM, 0.01 to 999.99 Hz, 0.1 to 9999.9 Hz, 0.001 to 20.000 kHz
Accuracy	$\pm (0.02 \% \text{ of Reading} + 0.01\% \text{ Full Scale})$
Output Waveform	Square Wave, Zero Crossing -1.0 to +5 V peak-to-peak $\pm 10\%$
Risetime (10 to 90% of amplitude)	< 10 microseconds
Output Impedance	< 1 Ohm
Source Current	> 1 mA rms at 20 kHz
Short Circuit Duration	Infinite
Optical Coupling	Green LED (HZ SYNC) flashes at output frequency

Frequency Read	
Ranges & Accuracy	Same as Frequency Source
Accuracy	$\pm (0.02 \% \text{ of Reading} + 0.01\% \text{ Full Scale})$
Trigger Level	1 V rms, dc coupled
Input Impedance	> 1 Meg Ohm + 60 pF

Thermocouple Ranges & Accuracies

Based on $\leq \pm (0.02 \% \text{ of Reading} + 0.01 \text{ mV})$

T/C	Degrees C Range	°C	Degrees F Range	°F
J	-200.0 to -50.0	$\pm 0.5^\circ$	-328.0 to -58.0	$\pm 1.0^\circ$
	-50.0 to 300.0	$\pm 0.2^\circ$	-58.0 to 572.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$
	300.0 to 900.0	$\pm 0.3^\circ$	572.0 to 1652.0	$\pm 0.6^\circ$
	900.0 to 1200.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$	1652.0 to 2192.0	$\pm 0.8^\circ$
K	-230.0 to -50.0	$\pm 1.2^\circ$	-382.0 to -58.0	$\pm 2.2^\circ$
	-50.0 to 550.0	$\pm 0.3^\circ$	-58.0 to 1022.0	$\pm 0.6^\circ$
	550.0 to 1000.0	$\pm 0.5^\circ$	1022.0 to 1832.0	$\pm 0.8^\circ$
	1000.0 to 1371.1	$\pm 0.6^\circ$	1832.0 to 2500.0	$\pm 1.1^\circ$
T	-260.0 to -230.0	$\pm 2.9^\circ$	-436.0 to -382.0	$\pm 5.2^\circ$
	-230.0 to -210.0	$\pm 1.0^\circ$	-382.0 to -346.0	$\pm 1.9^\circ$
	-210.0 to -50.0	$\pm 0.8^\circ$	-346.0 to -58.0	$\pm 1.4^\circ$
	-58.0 to 50.0	$\pm 0.3^\circ$	-58.0 to 122.0	$\pm 0.6^\circ$
	50.0 to 400.0	$\pm 0.2^\circ$	122.0 to 752.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$
E	-240.0 to -200.0	$\pm 0.9^\circ$	-400.0 to -328.0	$\pm 1.7^\circ$
	-200.0 to 0.0	$\pm 0.5^\circ$	-328.0 to 32.0	$\pm 0.8^\circ$
	0.0 to 350.0	$\pm 0.2^\circ$	32.0 to 662.0	$\pm 0.3^\circ$
	350.0 to 1000.0	$\pm 0.3^\circ$	662.0 to 1832.0	$\pm 0.6^\circ$
R	-18.3 to 100.0	$\pm 2.1^\circ$	-1.0 to 212.0	$\pm 3.8^\circ$
	100.0 to 500.0	$\pm 1.3^\circ$	212.0 to 932.0	$\pm 2.4^\circ$
	500.0 to 1400.0	$\pm 1.0^\circ$	932.0 to 2552.0	$\pm 1.8^\circ$
	1400.0 to 1767.8	$\pm 1.2^\circ$	2552.0 to 3214.0	$\pm 2.0^\circ$

Note: Doesn't include cold junction error of $\pm 0.05^\circ\text{C}$

Thermocouple Ranges & Accuracies

Based on $\leq \pm (0.02 \% \text{ of Reading} + 0.01 \text{ mV})$

T/C	Degrees C Range	°C	Degrees F Range	°F
S	-18.3 to 100.0	$\pm 2.0^\circ$	-1.0 to 212.0	$\pm 3.7^\circ$
	100.0 to 350.0	$\pm 1.4^\circ$	212.0 to 662.0	$\pm 2.5^\circ$
	350.0 to 1600.0	$\pm 1.1^\circ$	662.0 to 2912.0	$\pm 2.0^\circ$
	1600.0 to 1767.8	$\pm 1.3^\circ$	2912.0 to 3214.0	$\pm 2.4^\circ$
B	315.6 to 600.0	$\pm 3.2^\circ$	600.0 to 1122.0	$\pm 5.7^\circ$
	600.0 to 850.0	$\pm 1.7^\circ$	1122.0 to 1562.0	$\pm 3.1^\circ$
	850.0 to 1100.0	$\pm 1.3^\circ$	1562.0 to 2012.0	$\pm 2.4^\circ$
	1100.0 to 1820.0	$\pm 1.1^\circ$	2012.0 to 3308.0	$\pm 2.0^\circ$
N	-230.0 to -150.0	$\pm 1.9^\circ$	-382.0 to -238.0	$\pm 3.4^\circ$
	-150.0 to -50.0	$\pm 0.7^\circ$	-238.0 to -58.0	$\pm 1.2^\circ$
	-50.0 to 950.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$	-58.0 to 1742.0	$\pm 0.8^\circ$
	950.0 to 1300.0	$\pm 0.5^\circ$	1742.0 to 2372.0	$\pm 1.0^\circ$
G (W)	100.0 to 350.0	$\pm 1.7^\circ$	212.0 to 662.0	$\pm 3.0^\circ$
	350.0 to 1700.0	$\pm 0.8^\circ$	662.0 to 3092.0	$\pm 1.5^\circ$
	1700.0 to 2000.0	$\pm 1.0^\circ$	3092.0 to 3632.0	$\pm 1.8^\circ$
	2000.0 to 2320.0	$\pm 1.1^\circ$	3632.0 to 4208.0	$\pm 2.1^\circ$
C (W5)	-1.1 to 100.0	$\pm 0.8^\circ$	30.1 to 212.0	$\pm 1.4^\circ$
	100.0 to 1000.0	$\pm 0.7^\circ$	212.0 to 1832.0	$\pm 1.3^\circ$
	1000.0 to 1750.0	$\pm 1.2^\circ$	1832.0 to 3182.0	$\pm 2.1^\circ$
	1750.0 to 2320.0	$\pm 2.0^\circ$	3182.0 to 4208.0	$\pm 3.5^\circ$

Note: Doesn't include cold junction error of $\pm 0.05^\circ\text{C}$

Thermocouple Ranges & Accuracies

Based on $\leq \pm (0.02 \% \text{ of Reading} + 0.01 \text{ mV})$

T/C	Degrees C Range	°C	Degrees F Range	°F
D	-1.1 to 150.0	$\pm 1.0^\circ$	30.1 to 302.0	$\pm 1.8^\circ$
	150.0 to 1100.0	$\pm 0.7^\circ$	302.0 to 2012.0	$\pm 1.3^\circ$
	1100.0 to 1750.0	$\pm 1.0^\circ$	2012.0 to 3182.0	$\pm 1.8^\circ$
	1750.0 to 2320.0	$\pm 2.0^\circ$	3182.0 to 4208.0	$\pm 3.6^\circ$
P	0.0 to 600.0	$\pm 0.3^\circ$	32.0 to 1112.0	$\pm 0.6^\circ$
	600.0 to 900.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$	1112.0 to 1652.0	$\pm 0.8^\circ$
	900.0 to 1200.0	$\pm 0.6^\circ$	1652.0 to 2192.0	$\pm 1.1^\circ$
	1200.0 to 1395.0	$\pm 0.7^\circ$	2192.0 to 2543.0	$\pm 1.2^\circ$
L J-DIN	-200.0 to -50.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$	-328.0 to -58.0	$\pm 0.7^\circ$
	-50.0 to 300.0	$\pm 0.2^\circ$	-58.0 to 572.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$
	300.0 to 900.0	$\pm 0.3^\circ$	572.0 to 1652.0	$\pm 0.5^\circ$
U T-DIN	-200.0 to -50.0	$\pm 0.6^\circ$	-328.0 to -58.0	$\pm 1.1^\circ$
	-50.0 to 50.0	$\pm 0.3^\circ$	-58.0 to 122.0	$\pm 0.5^\circ$
	50.0 to 550.0	$\pm 0.2^\circ$	122.0 to 1022.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$
	550.0 to 600.0	$\pm 0.3^\circ$	1022.0 to 1112.0	$\pm 0.5^\circ$

Note: Doesn't include cold junction error of $\pm 0.05^\circ\text{C}$

RTD Ranges & Accuracies

RTD Accuracy Based on $\pm(0.025\%$ of Reading in Ohms + 0.075 Ohms)

RTD Type	Degrees C Range	°C	Degrees F Range	°F
Pt 100 Ohm DIN/IEC/JIS 1989 1.3850 (ITS-90)	-200.0 to 0.0 0.0 to 340.0 340.0 to 640.0 640.0 to 850.0	$\pm 0.2^\circ$ $\pm 0.3^\circ$ $\pm 0.4^\circ$ $\pm 0.5^\circ$	-328.0 to 32.0 248.0 to 644.0 644.0 to 1184.0 1184.0 to 1562.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$ $\pm 0.6^\circ$ $\pm 0.8^\circ$ $\pm 1.0^\circ$
Pt 100 Ohm (Burns) 1.3902	-200.0 to 10.0 10.0 to 350.0 350.0 to 650.0 650.0 to 850.0	$\pm 0.2^\circ$ $\pm 0.3^\circ$ $\pm 0.4^\circ$ $\pm 0.5^\circ$	-328.0 to 50.0 50.0 to 662.0 662.0 to 1202.0 1202.0 to 1562.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$ $\pm 0.6^\circ$ $\pm 0.8^\circ$ $\pm 0.9^\circ$
Pt 100 Ohm (Old JIS 1981) 1.3916	-200.0 to 20.0 20.0 to 360.0 360.0 to 650.0 650.0 to 850.0	$\pm 0.2^\circ$ $\pm 0.3^\circ$ $\pm 0.4^\circ$ $\pm 0.5^\circ$	-328.0 to 68.0 68.0 to 680.0 680.0 to 1202.0 1202.0 to 1562.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$ $\pm 0.6^\circ$ $\pm 0.8^\circ$ $\pm 0.9^\circ$
Pt 100 Ohm (US Lab) 1.3926	-200.0 to 20.0 20.0 to 360.0 360.0 to 660.0 660.0 to 850.0	$\pm 0.2^\circ$ $\pm 0.3^\circ$ $\pm 0.4^\circ$ $\pm 0.5^\circ$	-328.0 to 68.0 68.0 to 680.0 680.0 to 1220.0 1220.0 to 1562.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$ $\pm 0.6^\circ$ $\pm 0.8^\circ$ $\pm 0.9^\circ$
Pt 1000 Ohm DIN/IEC/JIS 1989 1.3850	-200.0 to 0.0 0.0 to 340.0 340.0 to 640.0 640.0 to 850.0	$\pm 0.2^\circ$ $\pm 0.3^\circ$ $\pm 0.4^\circ$ $\pm 0.5^\circ$	-328.0 to 32.0 248.0 to 644.0 644.0 to 1184.0 1184.0 to 1562.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$ $\pm 0.6^\circ$ $\pm 0.8^\circ$ $\pm 1.0^\circ$
Copper 10 Ohm 1.4274 (Minco)	-200.0 to 260.0	$\pm 2.0^\circ$	-328.0 to 500.0	$\pm 3.6^\circ$
Copper 50 1.4280	-50.0 to 150.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$	-58.0 to 302.0	$\pm 0.8^\circ$
Ni 120 Ohm 1.6720 (Pure)	-80.0 to 260.0	$\pm 0.1^\circ$	-112.0 to 500.0	$\pm 0.3^\circ$
Ni 110 Ohm Bristol 7 NA 1.5801	-100.0 to 260.0	$\pm 0.2^\circ$	-148.0 to 500.0	$\pm 0.4^\circ$

Standard Warranty

Our equipment is warranted against defective material and workmanship (excluding batteries) for a period of three years from the date of shipment. Claims under warranty can be made by returning the equipment prepaid to our factory. The equipment will be repaired, replaced or adjusted at our option. The liability of Practical Instrument Electronics (PIE) is restricted to that given under our warranty. No responsibility is accepted for damage, loss or other expense incurred through sale or use of our equipment. Under no condition shall Practical Instrument Electronics, Inc. be liable for any special, incidental or consequential damage.

Pressure sensors that have been damaged by over pressurization or contaminated by process chemicals are not covered by our warranty. Pneumatic pumps that are contaminated with process chemicals are also not covered by our warranty.

Optional Repair/Replacement Warranty

Under our Repair/Replacement Warranty (RP-WAR-B), our equipment is warranted against ANY damage or malfunction that may cause the unit to fail for a period of three (3) years from the date of shipment.

This warranty is limited to one complete replacement against any damage or malfunction during the warranty period. If replaced, the new calibrator will carry our Standard Warranty for the remainder of the three (3) years or a minimum of one (1) year from the date of shipment.

Additional Information

PIE Calibrators are manufactured in the USA. This product is calibrated on equipment traceable to NIST and includes a Certificate of Calibration. Test Data is available for an additional charge.

Practical Instrument Electronics recommends a calibration interval of one year. Contact your local representative for recalibration and repair services.



Practical Instrument Electronics

82 East Main Street Suite 3.14

Webster, NY 14580 USA

Tel: 585.872.9350 • Fax: 585.872.2638

sales@piecal.com • www.piecal.com

Copyright © 2015 All rights reserved

850-9002 - Rev B 24 July 2015